

Hop and HipHop: Multitier Web Orchestration

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COLL GE
DE FRANCE
—1530—

Inria
informatiques math matiques

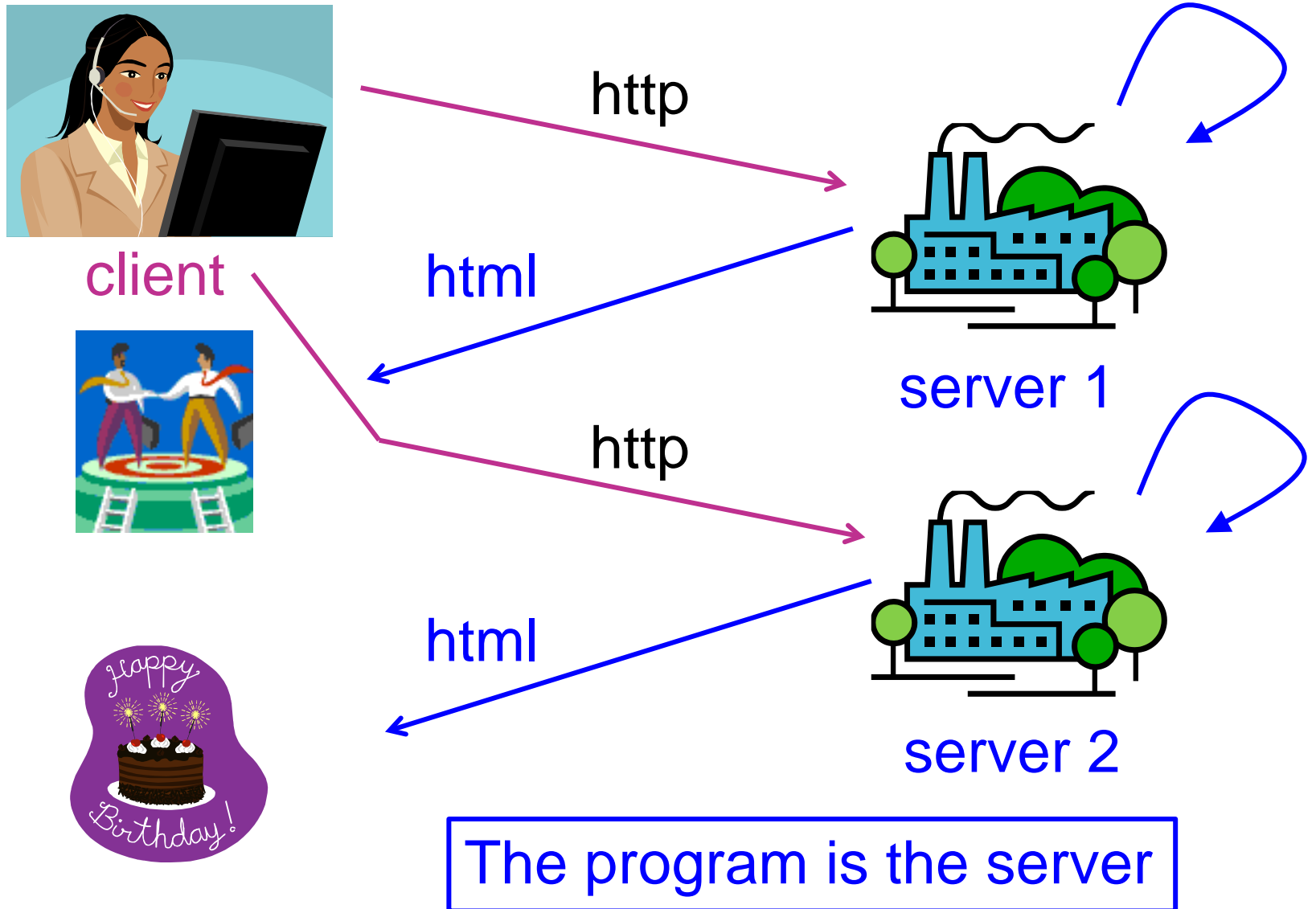


A Darwinian Technology Space

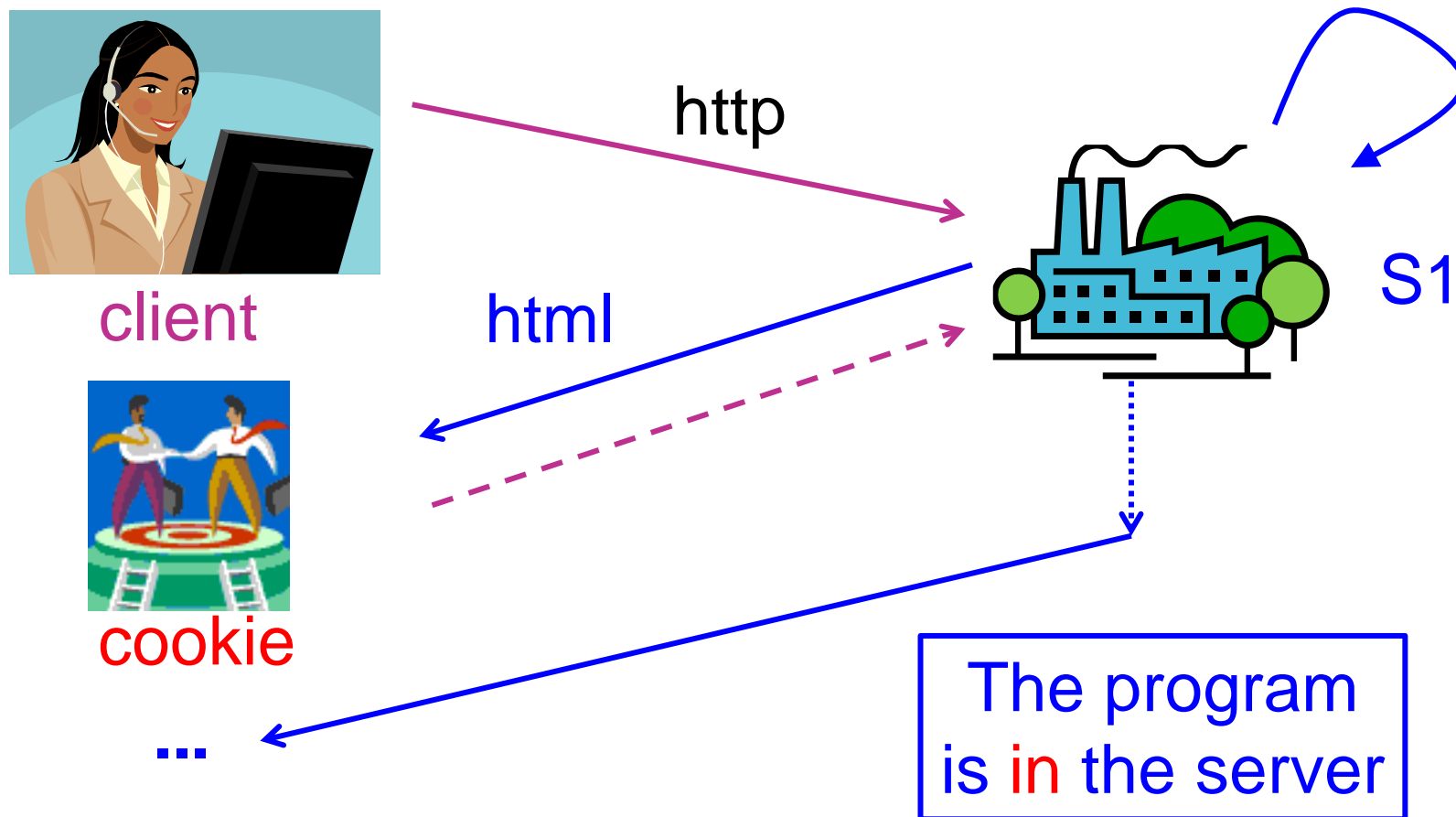
transport display program navigator

- 1988-1992 (CERN): http, html, url
- 1994: cgi, netscape, javascript s., cookie, ssl / https
- 1995: ie, http1.0, html2, javascript client, php
- 1997: flash, gecko, apache, opera, css, http1.1, auth, dhtml
- 1999: css2, mathml, svg, html4, soap, httpu, ajax
- 2001: (xhtml), dom, wsdl
- 2002-08: webkit, canvas, html5, chrome, json, jquery
- 2010: mobile, websocket

The Primitive Web

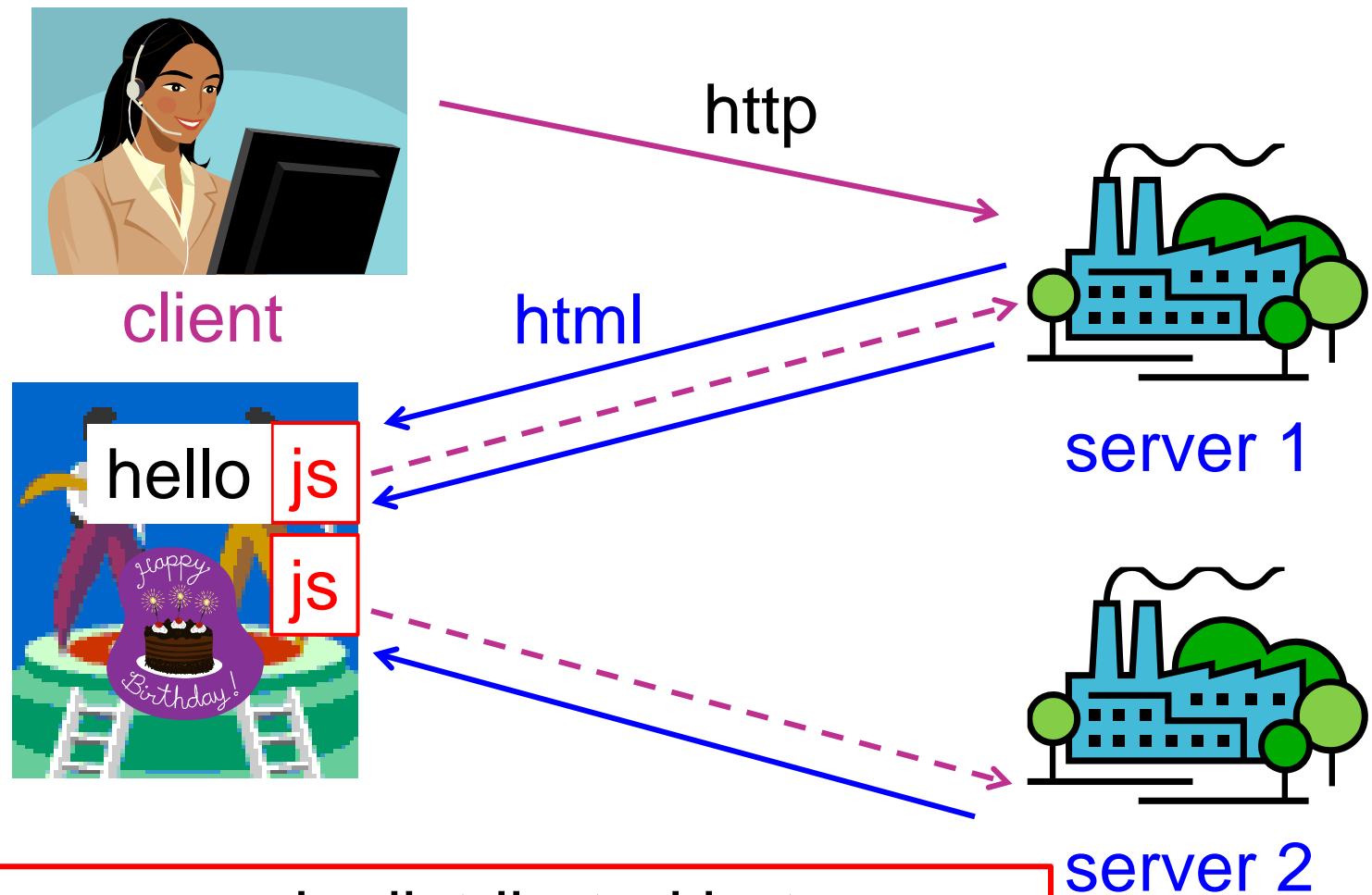


The Web 1.0: chatting with the server



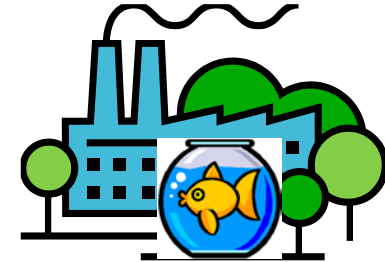
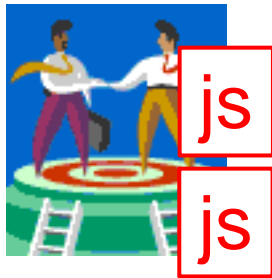
Main difficulty: make sense of the **BACK** button!

The Web 2.0: distributed programming

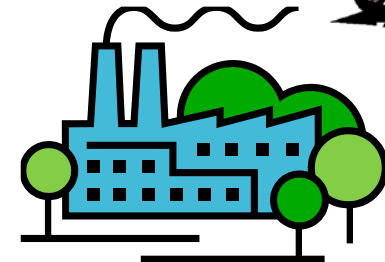
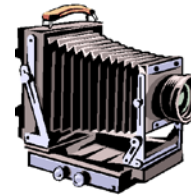


The program is distributed between the **server(s)** and **client(s)**

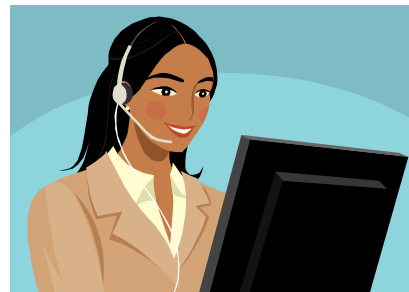
Future Web : Diffuse Programming



server 1



server 2



Distributed programs everywhere

Web Programming is Currently *Too Difficult*

- Lots of technologies and languages to master
⇒ heterogeneous ad-hoc programming ☹
- Fundamental programming difficulties
 - distributed programming is hard
 - thread-based programming is error-prone
(non-determinism, deadlocks, difficulty to debug)
 - idem for handling events by event-handlers
 - orchestrating asynchronous activities is problematic

Our solution:

A single programming framework: Hop
A Hop-embedded orchestration DSL: HipHop

Hop's Features

- **Single language** for all web programming needs
- **Full algorithmic language**: functional, Scheme-based
- Embeds **HTML**, makes it **extensible**
- Classical **multithreading** (indispensable)
- **Multitier single code** for client(s) / server(s)
- Server **client code generation and shipping**
(client programs are server values)
- **Automatic data communication**
- Direct definition and use of **web services**

HTML → *Hop Example*

1

2

3

fib(3)=2

HTML / Javascript → Hop

```
<DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/strict.dtd">
<HTML>
  <HEAD>
    <META http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html">
    <SCRIPT src="fib.js" type="application/javascript"/>
  </HEAD>
  <BODY>
    <TABLE>
      <TR> <TD onclick="alert('fib(1)='+fib(1))">1</TD> </TR>
      <TR> <TD onclick="alert('fib(2)='+fib(2))">2</TD> </TR>
      <TR> <TD onclick="alert('fib(3)='+fib(3))">3</TD> </TR>
    </TABLE>
  </BODY>
</HTML>
```

Hop Multi-Tier Programming

```
<DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/html4/strict.dtd">
```

```
(<HTML> ; server-side function
```

```
(<HEAD> :script "fib.js")
```

```
<META http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html">
```

```
<SCRIPT src="fib.js" type="application/javascript"/>
```

client-side mark



```
</HEAD>
```

```
(<BODY>
```

```
(<TABLE>
```

```
(<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~ (alert "fib(1)=" (fib 1)) 1))
```

```
(<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~ (alert "fib(2)=" (fib 2)) 2))
```

```
(<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~ (alert "fib(3)=" (fib 3)) 3))))
```

```
> </TR>
```

Hop Structured Programming (1)

```
(module Fibo
```

```
~(js fib) ;; ship Javascript fib code to client
```

```
(define-service (fibonacci-3)
```

```
(<HTML>
```

```
(<HEAD> :script "fib.js")
```

```
(<BODY>
```

```
(<TABLE>
```

```
(<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~(alert "fib(1)=" (fib 1)) 1))
```

```
(<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~(alert "fib(2)=" (fib 2)) 2))
```

```
(<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~(alert "fib(3)=" (fib 3)) 3))))))
```

code shipped
to client

<http://myserver:8080/hop/fibonacci-3>

Hop Structured Programming (2)

```
(module Fibo
```

```
  ~(js fib) ;; ship Javascript fib code to client
```

```
(define-service (fibonacci-3)
```

```
  (<HTML>
```

```
    (<HEAD> :script "fib.js")
```

```
    (<BODY>
```

```
      (<TABLE>
```

```
        (<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~(alert "fib(1)=" (fib 1)) 1))
```

```
        (<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~(alert "fib(2)=" (fib 2)) 2))
```

```
        (<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~(alert "fib(3)=" (fib 3)) 3))))))
```

```
(define-tag <TR-FIB> (i)
```

```
  (<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~(alert "fib" $i "=" (fib $i)) i)))
```

server value
exported to client



Hop Structured Programming (3)

(module Fibo

~(js fib) ;; ship Javascript fib code to client

(define-service (fibonacci-3)

(<HTML>

(<HEAD> :script "fib.js")

(<BODY>

(<TABLE>

(<TR-FIB> 1))

(<TR-FIB> 2))

(<TR-FIB> 3))))))

(define-tag <TR-FIB> (i)

(<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~(alert "fib" \$i "=" (fib \$i)) i)))

Hop Functional Programming (1)

```
(module Fibo
```

```
  ~(js fib) ;; ship Javascript fib code to client
```

```
(define-service (fibonacci-3)
```

```
  (<HTML>
```

```
    (<HEAD> :script "fib.js")
```

```
    (<BODY>
```

```
      (<TABLE>
```

```
        (map <TR-FIB> '(1 2 3))))))
```

```
(define-tag <TR-FIB> (i)
```

```
  (<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~(alert "fib" $i "=" (fib $i)) i)))
```


Hop Functional Programming (2)

```
(module Fibo
```

```
  ~(js fib) ;; ship Javascript fib code to client
```

```
(define-service (fibonacci-3)
```

```
  (<HTML>
```

```
    (<HEAD> :script "fib.js")
```

```
    (<BODY>
```

```
      (<TABLE>
```

```
        (map <TR-FIB> (iota 3 1))))))
```

```
(define-tag <TR-FIB> (i)
```

```
  (<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~(alert "fib" $i "=" (fib $i)) i)))
```

Hop Web Service Definition

```
(module Fibo
```

```
  ~(js fib) ;; ship Javascript fib code to client
```

```
(define-service (fibonacci-list n) ;; arbitrary input list
```

```
  (<HTML>
```

```
    (<HEAD> :script "fib.js")
```

```
    (<BODY>
```

```
      (<TABLE>
```

```
        (map <TR-FIB> (iota (string->number n) 1))))))
```

```
(define-tag <TR-FIB> (i)
```

```
  (<TR> (<TD> :onclick ~(alert "fib" $i "=" (fib $i)) i)))
```

<http://myserver:8080/hop/fibonacci-list?n=10>

Exchanging data using services

;; build table of fib values as a list

```
(define-service (fibonacci-list2 n)
  (map (lambda (i)
        (cons i (fib i)))
        (iota n)))
```

builds server url with argument

;; client code

```
~(with-hop ($fibonacci-list2 8)
  (lambda (lst)
    (<TABLE>
      (map (lambda (i)
            (<TR> (<TD> (car i)) (<TD> (cdr i))))
            lst))))
```

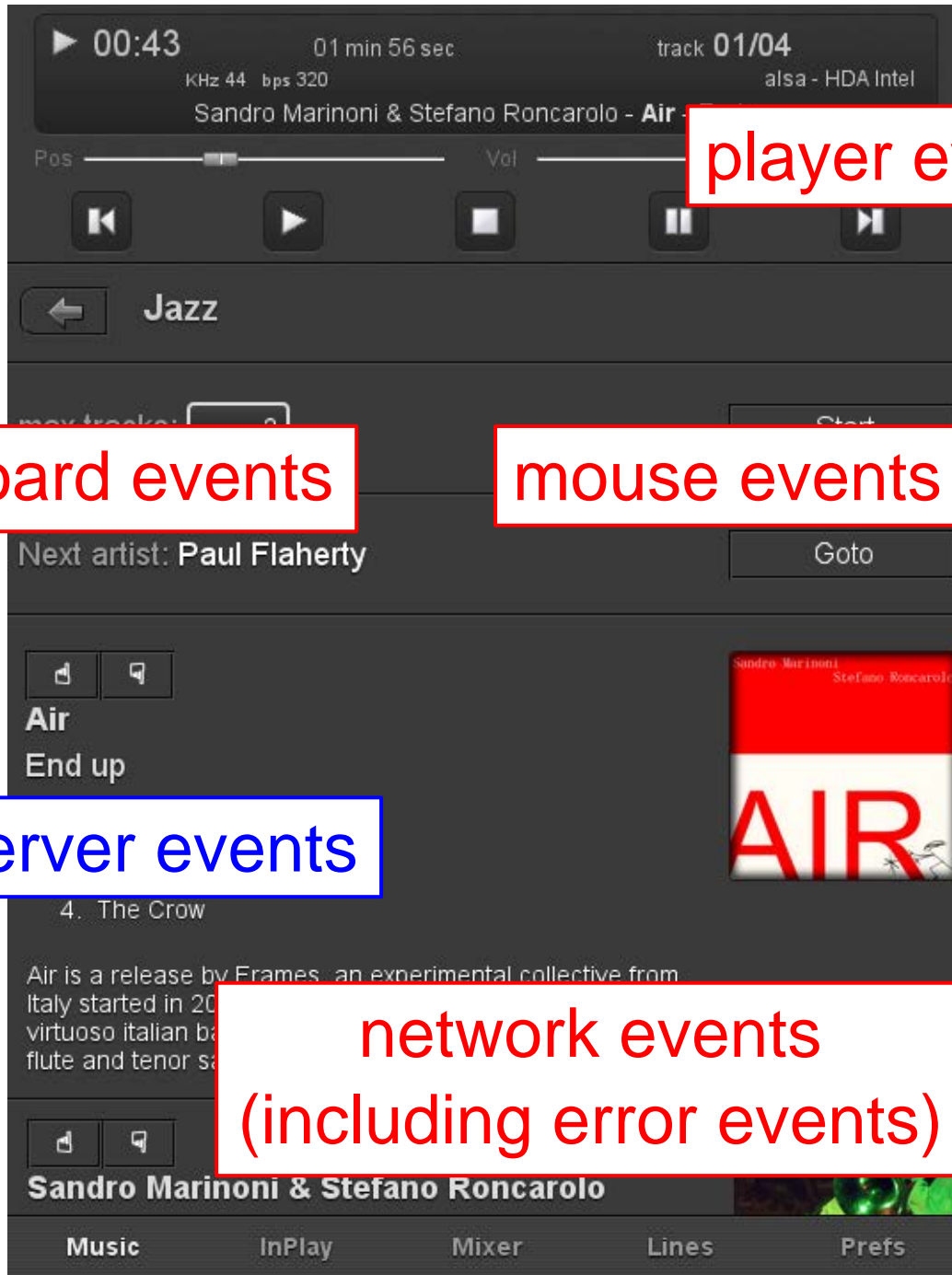
builds HTML
on the client

1	1
2	1
3	2
4	3
5	5
6	8

The Web Orchestration Problem

- Building complex applications by combining existing web services
- Making them portable to any device
 - computer, smartphone, tablet, car, coffemaker, etc.

1. Handling lots of events of various kinds
the main goal of Hiphop
2. Handling data streams
currently not done by HipHop
the main goal of Orc / FRP / Flapjax



player events

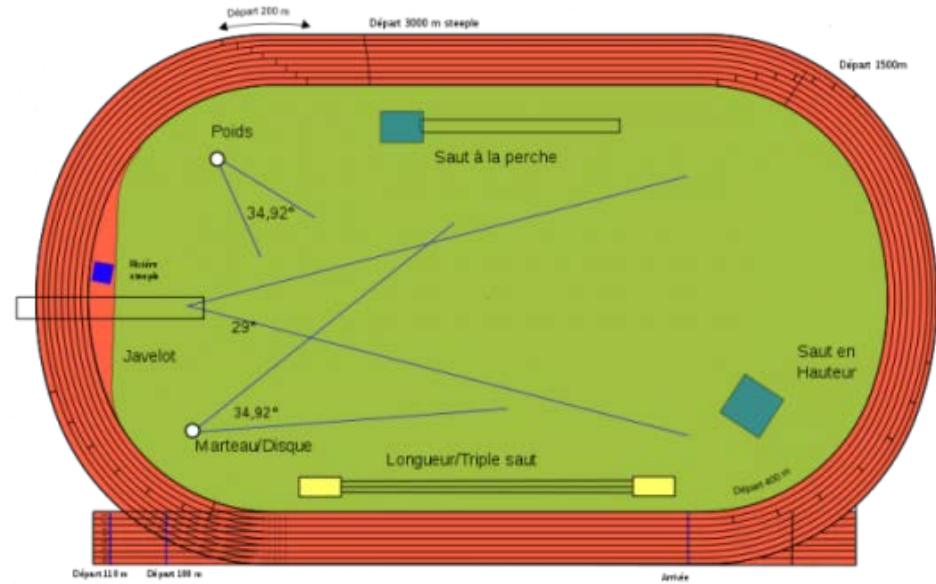
keyboard events

mouse events

hop server events

network events
(including error events)

Esterel : Reactive Event Handling



Second → Hour → Morning

Meter → Lap

Step

HeartBeat → HeartAttack

The Esterel Runner

```
trap HeartAttack in  
  every Morning do  
    abort
```

```
  loop
```

```
    abort run Slowly when 100 Meter ;  
    abort
```

```
    every Step do
```

```
      run Jump || run Breathe || CheckHeart
```

```
    end every
```

```
    when 15 Second ;
```

```
    run FullSpeed
```

```
    each Lap
```

```
    when 4 Lap
```

```
  end every
```

```
handle HeartAttack do
```

```
  run RushToHospital
```

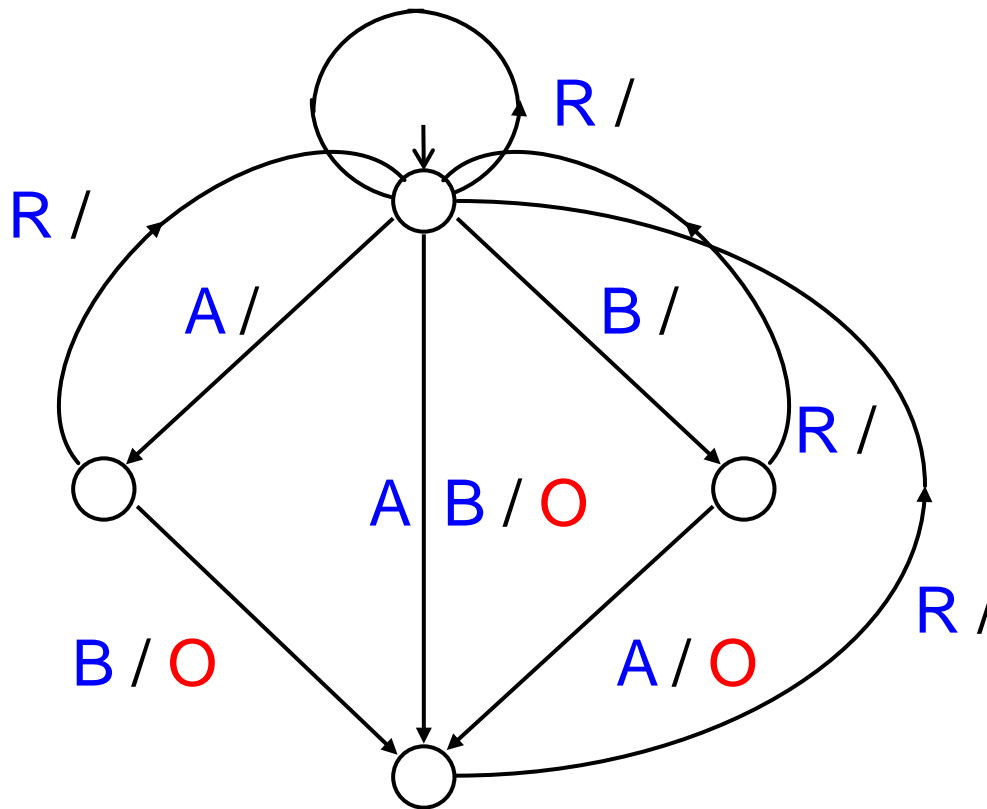
```
end trap
```

exit HeartAttack



The ABRO Example

Emit **O** as soon as **A** and **B** have arrived
Reset behavior each time **R** is received



Get artists

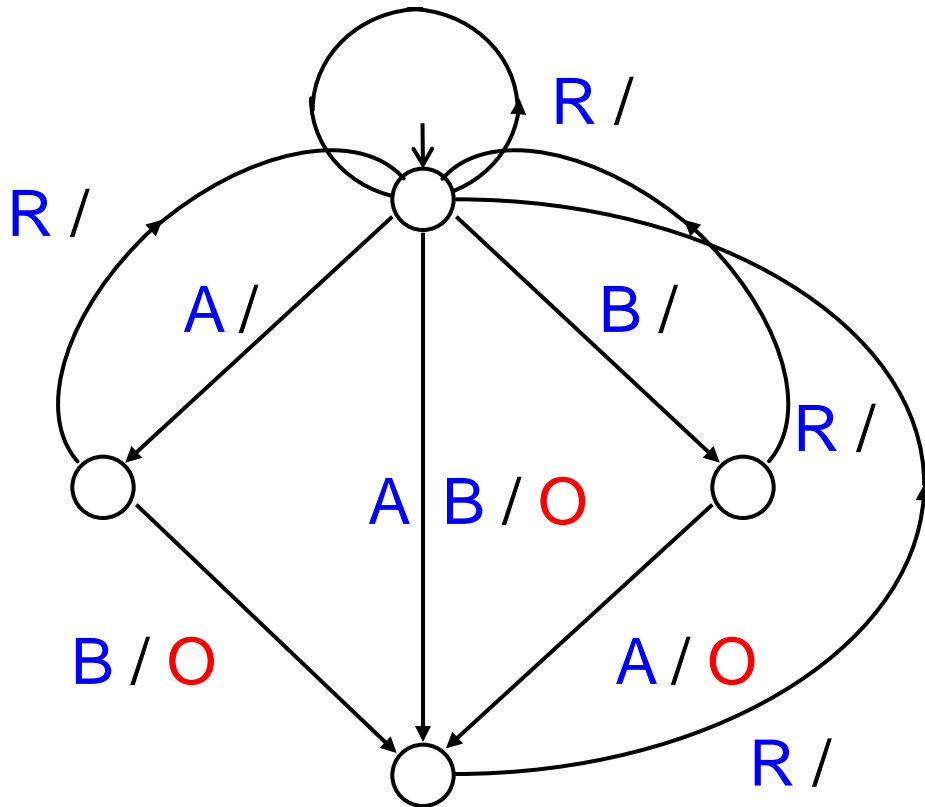
R : new artist name

A : music

B : picture

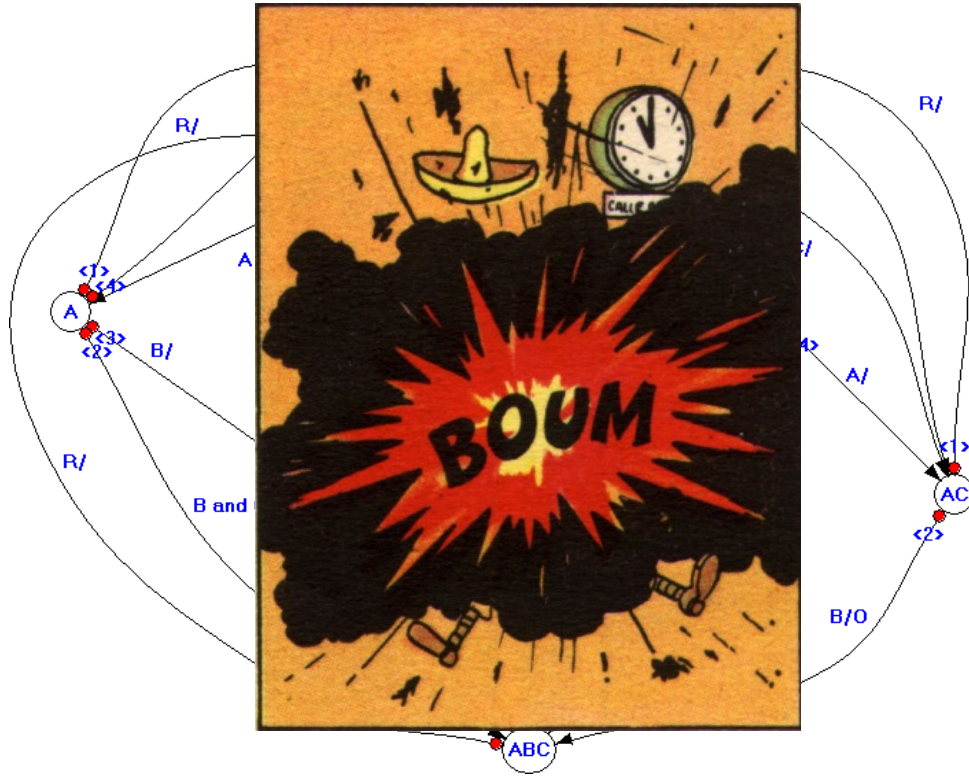
O : play & display

Esterel = Linear Specification



```
loop
  abort
  { await A || await B };
  emit O;
  halt
  when R
end loop
```

Linear \Rightarrow No Source Code Explosion !



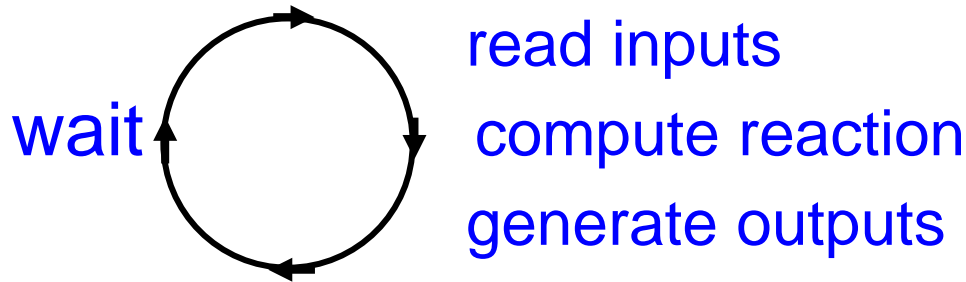
ABCRO

```
loop
  abort
  {
    await A
    || await B
    || await C
  };
  emit O;
  halt
when R
end loop
```

source: l'oreille cassée, Hergé

Cycle-Based Software Synchrony

Cyclic execution: static scheduling + 4-stroke engine



Synchronous = Zero-delay = within the same cycle

parallel propagation of control

parallel propagation of signals

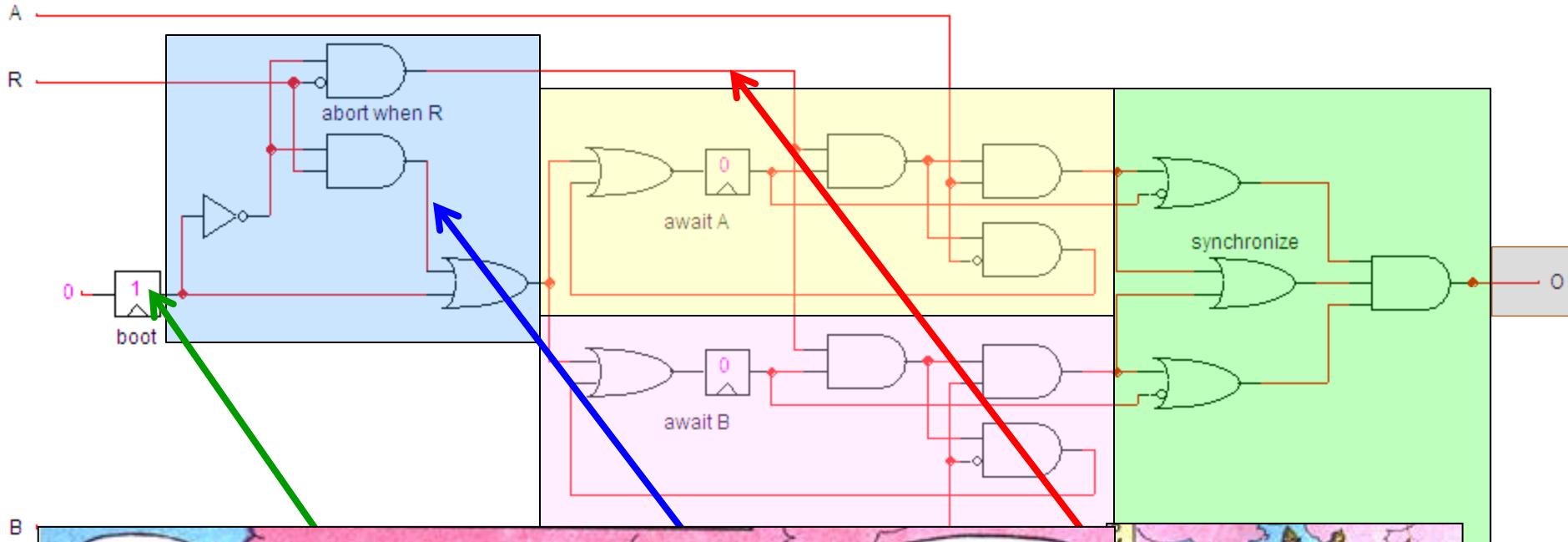
Concurrency resolved at compile-time – **no threads!**
⇒ determinism, **no event / computation interference**

Synchronous Languages in Practice

- Avionics : Rafale, Airbus, Embraer, CARERI, etc,
- Trains, heavy industry, robotics
- Telecom
- Simulation of physical processes
- Circuit design, synthesis, and verification
- Music composition (!)

Both in industrial and academic contexts

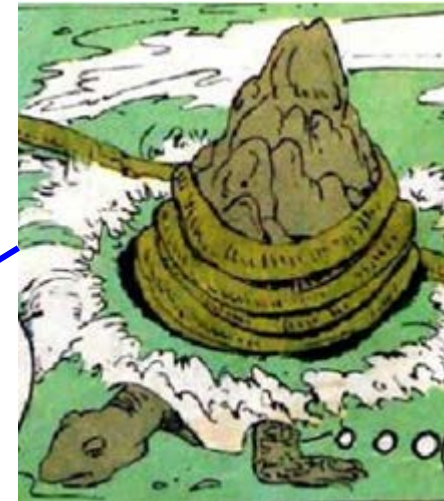
ABRO en circuits



```

module Vishnu-3 :
loop
  trap T1 in
    signal S1 in
      pause; emit S1; exit T1
    ||
    loop
      trap T2 in
        signal S2 in
          pause; emit S2; exit T2
        ||
        loop
          present S1 and S2 then emit X end;
          present S1 and not S2 then emit Y end;
          present not S1 and not S2 then emit Z end;
          pause
        end loop
      end signal
    end trap
  end loop
end signal
end trap
end loop
end module

```

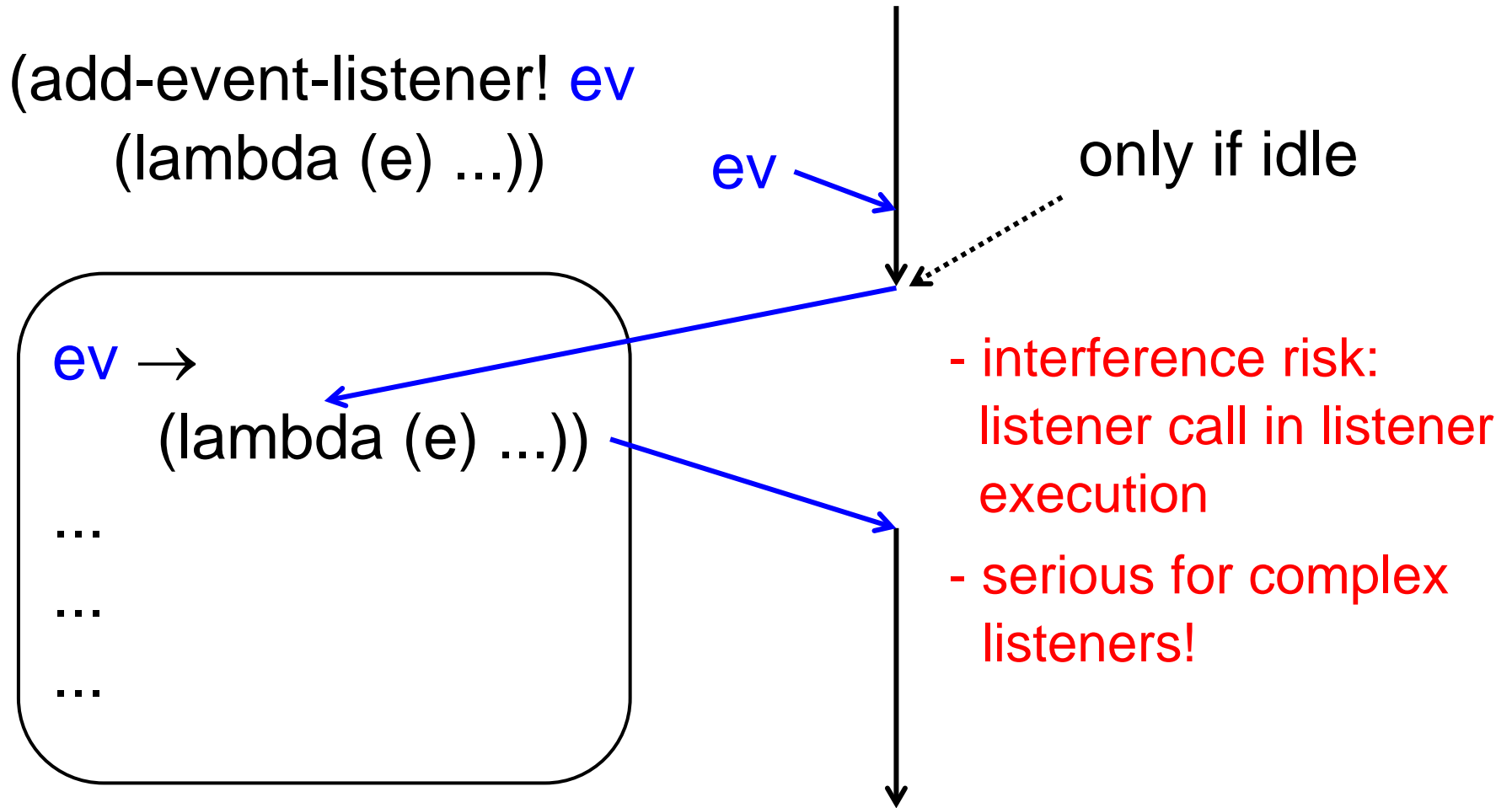


HipHop's Goal w.r.t. Orchestration

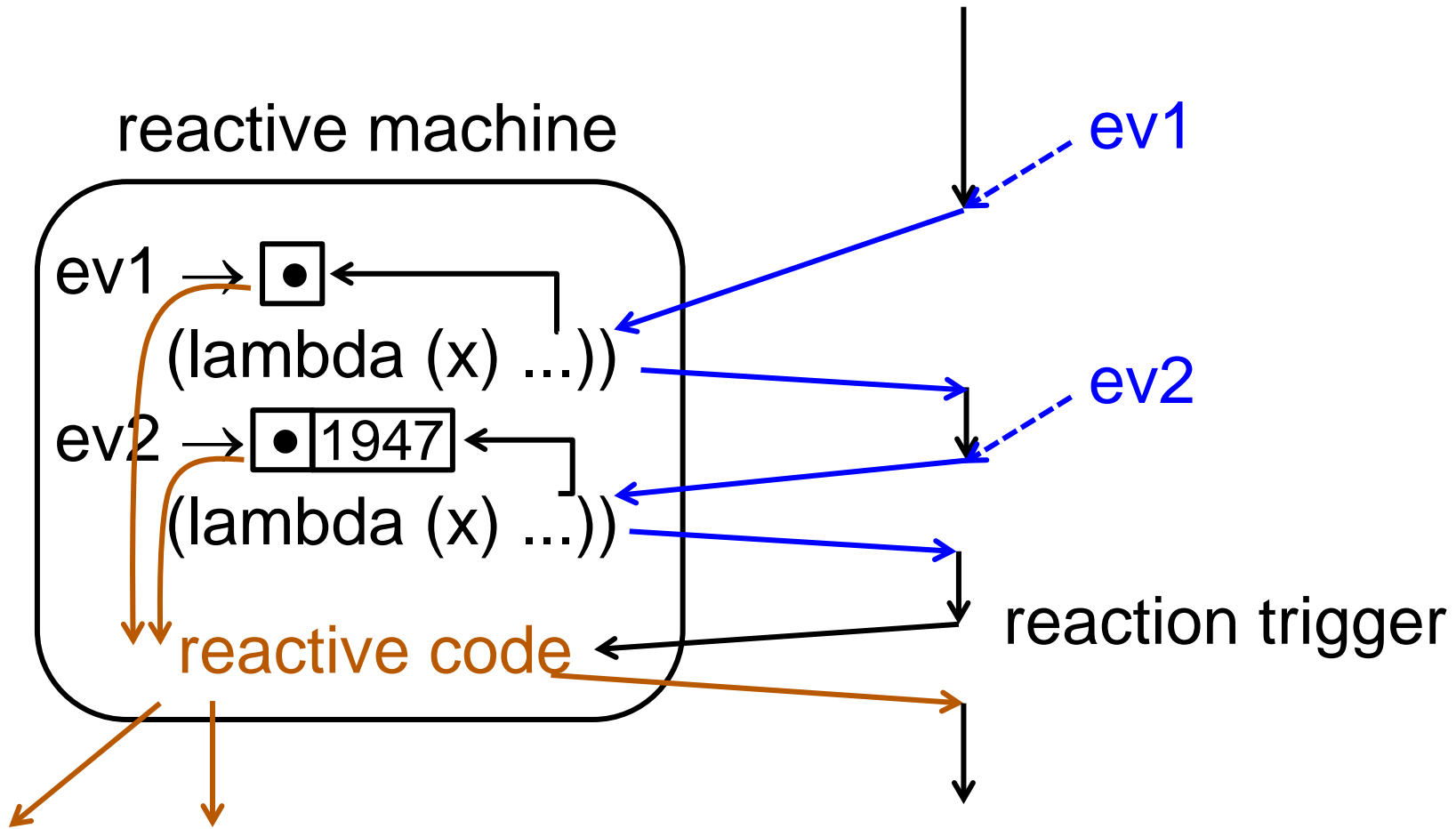
- Provide the user with a unified vision of event handling
 - GUI client events
 - events raised by services
 - events raised by web-connected objects
 - temporal events (e.g., timer expired)
 - Hop-generated events
- Define how to react to events in function of the memory of past events => orchestration
- Avoid all threads / event-listeners **synchronization problems** using Esterel's synchronous programming style

Exactly Esterel's goal, but more ambitious:
integration within Hop, dynamicity, multitier, etc.

Classical Javascript / HOP event Handling



The Synchronous Approach



sequence, parallelism, communication, preemption
synchronous, conceptually 0-delay

HipHop Events

(class HipHopEvent ...) ;; similar to Esterel signals
;; but first-class objects as in ReactiveML

- Boolean presence / absence status, unique at each instant

(now& e) ;; Hop boolean expression

(pre& e) ;; status at previous instant

- value of arbitrary type, unique at each instant

(val& e) ;; Hop expression

(preval& e) ;; value at previous instant

- combination functions for multiple synchronous emissions

(class CountEvent::HipHopEvent

(status (default #f))

(init (default 0))

(op (default +))

...)

ABRO in HipHop

Emit **O** as soon as both **A** et **B** have arrived
Reset behavior each **R**

// Esterel module

module **ABRO** :

input **A**, **B**, **R**;

output **O**;

loop

{ await **A** || await **B** };

emit **O**;

each **R**

end module

;; Hop function defining HipHop code

(define (**ABRO**& **A B R O**)

(loop-each& (now& **R**)

(par&

(await& (now& **A**))

(await& (now& **B**)))

(emit& **O**)))

Variant of ABRO

After first R and every subsequent R,
emit O as soon as A and B have arrived.
Terminate if A et B occur **simultaneously**

```
(define (ABRObis& A B R O)
  (trap& Done
    (every& (now& R)
      (par&
        (await& (now& A))
        (await& (now& B)))
      (emit& O)
      (if& (and (now& A) (now& B))
        (exit& Done))))))
```

HipHop Kernel: AST constructors*

* AST = Abstract Syntax Tree

stmt& :

(nothing&)

(emit& e hop*)

(atom& hop)

(pause&)

(if& hop *stmt&* *stmt&*)

(seq& *stmt&*⁺)

(loop& *stmt&*⁺)

(par& *stmt&*⁺)

(suspend& hop *stmt&*⁺)

(trap& trap-ident *stmt&*⁺)

(exit& trap-ident)

(local& (local-e⁺) *stmt*⁺)

HipHop Language Extensibility

Statements derived from primitive ones:

(halt&)

(sustain& e hop)

(await& [:immediate bool] delay stmt*)

(abort& [:immediate bool] delay stmt+)

(until& [:immediate bool] delay stmt+) ; Esterel weak abort

(loop-each& delay stmt+)

(every& [:immediate bool] delay stmt+)

```
(define (sustain& e . hop-list)
  (loop&
    (emit& (cons e hop-list)
      (pause&))))
```



Build `sustain&`'s AST
using Hop

HipHop Language Extensibility

```
(define (await-last-of& . e-list)  
  (par& (map await& e-list)))
```

```
(await-last-of& A B C)
```



```
(par& (await& A) (await& B) (await& C))
```

Extension : dynamic reactive behavior definition

genpar&, **dyngenpar&** : dynamically compute
the **par&** instruction during the reaction

HipHop Language Extensibility

```
(define (repeat& N::int stmt)
  ;; declare a fresh private Hop counter
  (let ((count::int N))
    ;; install a trap to exit after N steps
    (trap& end
      ;; reset the local counter
      (atom& (set! count N))
      ;; loop until exit&
      (loop&
        ;; execute the user stmt
        stmt
        ;; increment the Hop counter
        (atom& (set! count (-fx count 1)))
        (if& (= count 0)
          ;; the end, escape from the loop
          (exit& end))))))
```

Note:
true function
not ugly macro!

Modularity inherited from Hop

```
(let ((e (instantiate::HipHopEvent)))  
  (par&  
    (Emitter& e)  
    (Receiver& e)))  
  
(define (Emitter& e)  
  ... (emit& e) ...)  
  
(define (Receiver& e)  
  ... (await& e) ...)
```

The diagram illustrates the modularity of the code. A dashed arrow points from the variable `e` in the `(instantiate::HipHopEvent)` expression to a box labeled `e`. Two solid arrows point from this box to the `e` arguments in the `(emit& e)` and `(await& e)` expressions, indicating that the same instance of `e` is shared across these components.

Execution Machine

- Goal : handle input and output HipHop events triggers the HipHop reaction when asked to



(define M (instantiate:: HipHopMachine (program $P\&$)))

Execution Machine: Input and Reaction

HipHop input: Calling the hiphop-input! Hop function in the main Hop code or in an event handler



(hiphop-input! M A)

...

(hiphop-input! M B 1947)

...

(hiphop-react!) ;; atomic !

(hiphop-input-and-react! M A)

(hiphop-input-and-react! M B 1947)

Execution Machine: Gathering Inputs

- handling inputs between two reactions



$A = \text{STOP PLEASE}$: one press is sufficient to set the bit

...

$B = \text{Toc}$: please count the Tocs!

$\text{Toc Toc Toc} \rightarrow (\text{hiphop-input! } M \text{ Toc } 3)$

Execution Machine : Output

- Define an **HipHop** event-listener for each output, called by **M** if the reaction emits the signal



```
(hiphop-add-event-listener! M X  
  (lambda () (action)))
```

```
(hiphop-add-event-listener! M Y  
  (lambda (V) (action V)))
```

hopfm& : Five Synchronous Activities

```
(define (hopfm&)  
  (until& (memq (val& musicstate) '(stop ended))  
    (par& ;; running all the components in synchronous parallel  
      ;; peek a random playlist  
      (random-playlist& catalog genre playlist)  
      ;; manage a playlist  
      (playlist& playlist)  
      ;; deal with new tracks  
      (track& track album artist)  
      ;; manage new artists  
      (artist-info& catalog genre artist bio discog similar playlist)  
      ;; update the gui  
      (gui& musicstate track album artist bio discog similar))))
```

Finding a Random Artist With Music

```
(define (random-playlist& catalog genre playlist)
  (trap& found
    ;; start looping
    (loop&
      ;; creates two local events
      (local& ((local-artist (instantiate::HipHopEvent))
              (local-playlist (instantiate::HipHopEvent)))
        ;; get a random artist from FMA
        (with-hop& ($hopfm/genre/artist/random genre catalog) local-artist)
        ;; get the tracks of that artist
        (with-hop& ($hopfm/artist/tracks (val& local-artist)) local-playlist)
        (if& (pair? (val& local-playlist))
          ;; an artist with music is found
          (seq&
            (emit& playlist (val& local-playlist))
            (exit& found))))))))))
```

From Specification To HipHop Code

The **artist-info&** component searches in parallel an image of the current artist, information about that artist, and a similar artist with a playlist. It outputs bio, discog, similar, and playlist towards the other components as soon as the corresponding information has been found.

```
(define (artist-info& catalog genre artist bio discog similar playlist)
  (every& (now& artist) ;; we have a playlist for that artist
    (par&
      ;; request a similar artist list
      (similar-artist& catalog genre playlist artist similar)
      ;; fetch artist biography and discography
      (artist/bio& artist bio discog)
      ;; fetch the artist images
      (artist/image& artist))))
```


Fetching an Image From Two Sites

```
(define (artist/image& artist)
  ;; find the first image out of two services
  (let ((el (dom-get-element-by-id "hophifi-internet-artist-image")))
    (local& ((img (instantiate::HipHopEvent (name "image"))))
      ;; try finding one image on two different servers
      ;; abort the pending request as soon as one returns
      (trap& (done)
        (par&
          (seq&
            (with-hop& ($hopfm/artist/image (val& artist)) img)
            (if& (now& img) (exit& done)))
          (seq&
            (with-hop& ($hopfm/artist/image/echonest (val& artist)) img)
            (if& (now& img) (exit& done))))))
      (if& (now& img)
        ;; update the GUI with the new image
        (atom&
          (node-style-set! el :visibility "visible")
          (set! el.src (val& img)))
        ;; no image was found, hides the current one
        (atom& (node-style-set! el :visibility "hidden"))))))))
```

parallel search, immediately terminates by `exit&` as soon as one search returns an image

```
(trap& (done)
(par&
(seq&
(with-hop& ($shopfm/artist/image (val& artist)) img)
(if& (now& img) (exit& done)))
(seq&
(with-hop& ($shopfm/artist/image/echonest (val& artist)) img)
(if& (now& img) (exit& done))))))
(if& (now& img)
<then>
<else>)))
```

but parallel may also terminate if both searches return no image

HipHop fix for Chromium Bug

```
(define (onended& play ended stop)  
  (every& (now& play) ;; new music in the player  
    (until& (or (now& stop) (now& ended))
```

```
    (loop& ;; slow loop polling music duration
```

```
      (let& ((music (val& play)))
```

```
        (if& (music-duration? music)
```

```
          (await& (timer& (music-duration music))
```

```
            (loop& ;; fast loop polling music-ended?
```

```
              (if& (music-ended? music)
```

```
                (emit& ended music)
```

```
                (await& (timer& 10))))))
```

```
            (await& (timer& 100))))))
```

no threads, no event loop

Conclusion

- The web becomes the universal diffuse platform
- **Hop** greatly simplifies and integrates web programming
- **HipHop** greatly simplifies reaction to events and global service orchestration
- But stream orchestration *à la* ORC not yet available

More research and experimentation needed!

Related Reactive Work

- Esterel, Lustre, Signal
 - environment integration not part of the language
- Esterel Execution Machines (C. André, D. Gaffé)
- ReactiveC (F. Boussinot) ,Reactive ML (L. Mandel)
integration within C / ML
 - successors : Junior (Java), SugarCubes, FunLoft, etc.
- Timed CCP, V. Saraswat :
 - integration within Concurrent Constraint Programming
 - much more implicit control
- Quartz, **SCL** in Germany